

# Integration Applications:

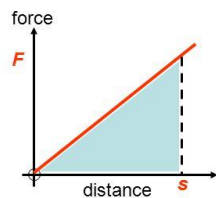
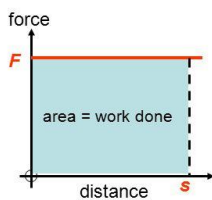
Why Find the AREA under a function?

## Physics/Engineering:

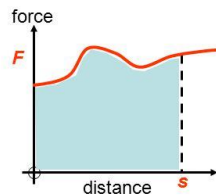
Calculating Work/Energy

### Force-distance graphs

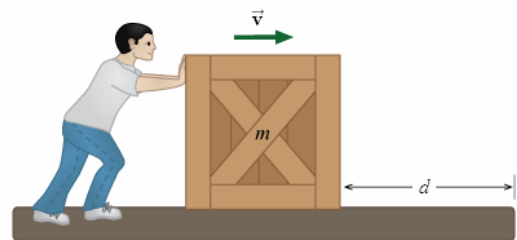
The area under the curve is equal to the work done.



area = work  
 $= \frac{1}{2} F s$



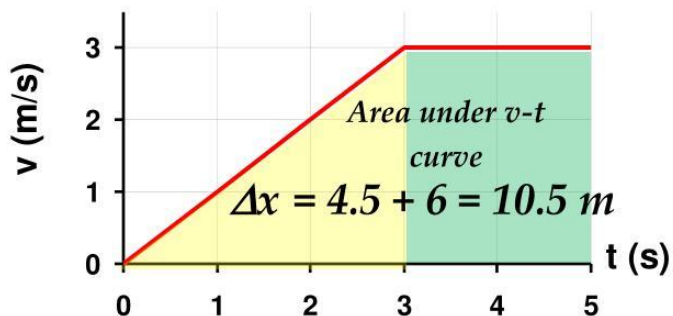
area = work  
found by  
counting  
squares on  
the graph



### Displacement:

You can find out how far something goes by calculating the area under a velocity vs. time graph

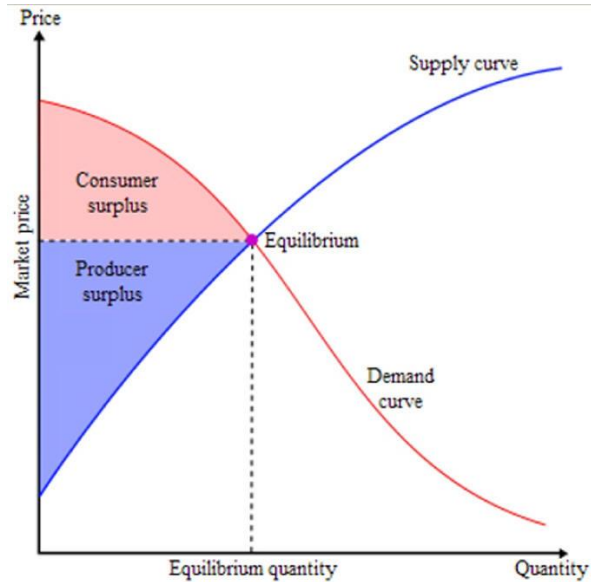
Estimate the net displacement from 0 s to 5.0 s



## Economics:

Supply/Demand curves:

Consumer/producer surplus



## Biology:

### Cardiac Output

- ▶ The **cardiac output** of the heart is the volume of blood pumped by the heart per unit of time, that is, the rate of flow into the aorta. The cardiac output is given by

$$F = \frac{A}{T} = \int_0^T c(t) dt$$

Note:  $F$  is the flow rate,  $A$  is the amount of dye known, and  $c(t)$  is the concentration of the dye at time  $t$ .

