



List Comprehensions - Assignment#3

List Comprehensions are a very powerful tool that allow us to **create a list** with one **single line of code**. Please see the videos on www.walzl1.com for a full details.

Examples:

```
squares = [x**2 for x in range(10)]
print (squares)
```

[0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]

Every time you have to use a **for** loop to create a list you should think:

"can I do this with a list comprehension?"

List Comprehensions can also utilize conditional statements (like an if statement to modify existing lists):

old_list = [1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20]

number_list = [x for x in old_list if x % 2 == 0]

print(number_list)

[0, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18]

Exercises

For the following exercises use the following list as an **input list** if one is not mentioned or given. List1=[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9]

1. Use a list comprehension to double each value in a list.

2. Use a list comprehension to give the Celsius value for a list of Fahrenheit temperatures. (look up the conversion online).



- 3. Let's say I give you the following list.

 a = [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100].

 Write one line of Python that takes this list and makes a new list that has only the odd elements of the original list in it.
- 4. See if you can **predict** what the following list comprehension will produce.... *then* run the code.

```
New list= [i**2 if i%2==0 else i**3 for i in [1,2,3,4,5]]
```

5. See if you can **predict** what the following list comprehension will produce.... *then* run the code.

```
words = ['hello', 'and', 'goodbye']
new_words = [ s.upper() + '!!!' for s in words ]
```

6. For a given list make all elements which are between 3 and 8 negative values using a list comprehension.

Example:

7. Given a list of numbers, return the list with all even numbers doubled, and all odd numbers turned negative.

8. See if you can **predict** what the following list comprehension will produce.... *then* run the code.

```
[x for x in 'MATHEMATICS' if x in ['A', 'E', 'I', '0', 'U']]
```

- 9. Use a list comprehension to create a list of all the W's and T's in a word
- 10. Use a list comprehension to create a list of all the periods in a sentence and then uses len() to count them.
- 11. Use a list comprehension to count the number of spaces in a string.

- 12. Given a list of numbers, write a list comprehension that produces a list of only the positive numbers in that list.
- 13. Given a list of numbers, write a list comprehension that produces a list that contains the word "Even" or "Odd" in place of each number (depending on weather or not the number is even or odd.

```
Output=['Even', 'Odd', 'Even', 'Odd', 'Even', 'Odd', 'Even', 'Odd', 'Even', 'Odd']
```

14. Given a sentence, produce a list of the lengths of each word in the sentence, but only if the word is not 'the'.

```
Sentence = 'the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog' Output = [5, 5, 3, 5, 4, 4, 3]
```

- 15. Let's say you want to create a program that will sent information in a coded form that others can't read.
- 16. Given a sentence, return the sentence will all its letter transposed by 1 in the alphabet, but only if the letter is a-y.

```
inputList = ('the quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog')
outputList = 'uif rvjdl cspxo gpy kvnqt pwfs uif mbzy eph'
```

Challenging Exercises: (work with a friend if you want)

17. See if you can use a single list comprehension to generate the following Output_list form the Input_list shown:

```
Input_list=[1,2,3]
Output_list = [1,2,3,1,4,9,1,8,27,1,16,81,1,32,343]
```

18. Write a list comprehension that uses **nested for statements** to create a single list with all 36 different dice combinations from (1,1) to (6,6)....whaaaaat?...look it up!

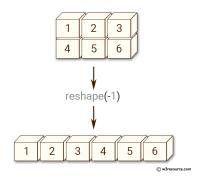
19. Let's assume that you are responsible for analyzing the outcome of a referendum organized to decide whether or not BC should secede from the rest of Canada. You are being given the data in the form of the string below, which is a set of "yes/no" votes, where "y" and "Y" both mean "yes" and "n" and "N" both mean "no".

Use a list comprehension to output a list of number of yes and number of no

Now see if you can make your program work while taking input from list (string) that is from an **external file!...**you'll be a pro if you can do this one!

Super Pro Exercise:

20. A common procedure in programming is call "flattening an matrix" this is taking a two dimensional list (or array) and putting it into a single (linear) list.





Example:

Use a single list comprehension to get the 2-D "Matrix" turned into the Output_list shown above. You might have to look it up...but that's OK!